

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

COMMISSIONS A PARTY ISSUE SAYS HAYS

Things have come to such a pass that Senator Martin Hays of Michigan, chairman of the special committee which is considering Governor McCall's sweeping recommendations for the abolition and consolidation of state boards and commissions, today urged the committee to throw the whole matter into the Legislature as a party issue.

Senator Hays specifically advocated a caucus of the Legislature of the House and Senate to take up the whole matter should be left by the party.

Under the Governor's recommendation, the Legislature has abolished the State House Building Commission, the Prison Commission, and the Commission on Economy and Efficiency.

A tremendous amount of pressure is being brought upon members of the committee and members of the Legislature to defeat the recommendations for legislation already made and others that are anticipated, said Senator Hays.

The consolidation of at least six other boards is now under contemplation.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the
Signature of *Dr. H. H. Hays*

Today, Tues. & Wed. Specials
EGGS New Laid, strictly 27c
Also strictly fresh, 25c
PEAS 16 quality, 27c
By the bush, 77c
COFFEE (can and white) 17c
Fresh roasted, 18c
COFFEE 20 quality, 18c
Butterine 25c
TEAS Very choice, sold by
sifters at 25c & 26c
Free Premiums with Tea or Coffee
at 25c
Rice, Best the quality, 3 lbs. for 17c
Cinnamon, 4 lbs. for 25c
All other items at equally low prices
Special Inducements for dealers
and large quantities. Send for price list.
GREAT CEYLON TEA CO.
25 ROCK ST.
"The Young Man's Tea Store"

What Made This Reputation?

For more than a century and a quarter the reputation of the world's standard beverage has grown, until today it is estimated that the total consumption of all other ales throughout the world does not equal that of Bass.

Bass Ale

On Draught Everywhere

We are receiving shipments Regularly Without Delay or interference
J. B. & Co., Importers, 90 Warren St., N. Y.

AUTOCARS HAVE STANDARDIZED DELIVERY SERVICE

CHASSIS \$1650



H. P. Hood & Sons, milk dealers of Boston, operate a fleet of 12 Autocars. They find they have extended their territory and increased trade. Ask the leading business houses of Boston why they standardized on Autocars. Write for illustrated catalog and list of more than 3000 concerns using Autocars in every line of business, or call at The Autocar Sales & Service Co., Commonwealth Ave. and Beacon St., Boston, a factory branch of the Autocar Co., Ardmore, Pa.

AUTOCAR SALES & SERVICE CO., PROVIDENCE
FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO., PORTLAND

Better Babies Film Contest Is Nearing End

Renewed praise is heard of the Better Babies Scenario Contest for the purpose of helping the infantile uplift movement.

Louis August Archer, the Lynn philanthropist, offers \$100 cash prize for the best moving picture scenario along lines provided by Contest Rules as follows:

The scenario written for this contest must deal with the underling factor by a contrast of babies properly raised with babies who lack proper raising.

For instance, the baby raised by intelligent parents in proper environment is compared with the baby, reared in the absence of those advantages and opportunities, and the ways it grows up to fit it for its adult years.

The competition is open only to clergymen but there is no restriction as to denomination or residence. Contestants must have their scenarios in the AMERICAN office not later than midnight of Friday, March 24.

This means that the contest closes in six days.

1,000 Already in Line to Serve in Naval Militia

Work has already begun. It was announced today, on enrolling new interested in the Naval Training Cruise for Citizens in the First Naval District, which is to be held this summer.

The district runs from Eastport, to Chatham, about one thousand have already signed their interest, and many of these are expected to enroll. Owners of steam yachts and motor boats are to be instructed in use which might be made of their craft in time of war. They will probably be drilled by means of week-end cruises under the direction of naval officers.

URGE BILL FOR NEW INSANE HOSPITAL

Representative George J. Wall of Boston before the legislative committee on Public Institutions today supported his bill to appropriate \$1,000,000 for a new insane hospital in the Metropolitan district. Land was purchased in 1914, but no money was available for the erection of the building. Dr. L. Vernon Briggs of the state board of insanity said his board favored the bill, as there are about 4,000 insane patients from the Metropolitan district and about 2,000 from Boston proper.

MANY IMPERILED BY GAS PIPE THEFTS

Stephen O'Malley and Frank McGinness, who went into a big tenement house at No. 28 Athens street, South Boston, within a wild spree last Saturday, wrecked off gas pipes, endangered lives among sixteen families by cutting gas, fought their way through a jam of terrified women and were caught by the police on the run, were given three months each in the House of Correction in South Boston court today. The assistance was imposed for larceny of gas piping.

SENATE ASKS ABOUT PACIFIC DEFENCE

Washington, March 27.—The Senate today passed a resolution calling on Secretary of War Baker and Secretary of the Navy Daniels for information concerning what arrangements have been made for defense of the Pacific Coast, particularly California.

STRECHER SAYS FREEDOM DUE TO THE JEW

Philadelphia, March 27.—A plea for the complete and final enfranchisement of the Jew as the price of his valor and sacrifice in the present war, was made by Charles B. Strecher, assistant United States treasurer at Boston, who was principal speaker at the opening of the second day of the conference of Jews of America, in session at the Hotel Waldorf. He deplored the Jewish tragedy in several European countries, especially in the Russian zone.

"It seems to me that one of the serious reasons that caused the Jews to stand up in courage on the problems affecting the Jewish people is that the sufferings of our people in Eastern Europe imposed upon us an immediate and personal responsibility."

"The Jews of Russia, the Jews in all lands, have given more than a full measure of loyalty to the government. Notwithstanding this, systematic persecution and all necessary military treatment have been continued throughout the war, and more than a half million Jews have been unnecessarily torn from their homes. Hundreds of Jews have been executed without legal investigation of the charges against them. Millions have been dragged to Siberia, while communities have been rooted out."

"In calling attention to these horrors, this conference, however, also takes note of the better spirit which the American people are showing in their attitude toward the Jews, and records its appreciation."

"In placing these facts on the record of the conference, we appeal to the people of all lands to associate themselves with every effort to end these horrors by the giving of equal rights to the Jews in Russia and in Eastern Europe."

69-YEAR TERMS FOR ATTACK ON OFFICER

Sentences of sixty-nine years each in State prison were today meted out to Henry C. Chamberlain, twenty-one, and Vernon Barberian, twenty, for assault with intent to murder Inspector Alexander Hallie at Concord. The two young men, who were indicted in Superior Court at East Cambridge yesterday, were both given sentences for breaking and entering and larceny. Chamberlain seized and held Hallie in a corridor of the institution. Barberian is said to have wielded a razor, cutting the officer on the forehead, scalp and neck. They began serving their sentences today.

MAYOR ROCKWOOD SHY ON SALARY

"Rocky" lies the head that wears the crown. Mayor Wendell D. Rockwood of Cambridge says so, when assuming office Mayor Wendell has been burdened with many cares, such as the ousting of reluctant commissioners of public safety, but the most crushing blow of all came today when the city auditor refused to approve a draft for a part of the Mayor's salary.

The draft was for \$523.33 for two months' pay as Mayor, at the salary of \$2,616.65 yearly fixed by the Cambridge City Council. City Auditor Thurston, in refusing to approve the draft, declared that the action of the City Council was illegal, and that the Mayor's salary should be \$2,500, as in the past.

BROTHERS HELD IN EAST BOSTON COURT

Frank Messina, twenty-nine, single, of No. 123 Bremen street, East Boston, was in court today charged with drunkenness and larceny of money and tools from George M. Davis of Monmouth street, on Saturday night. He pleaded guilty and was held in \$500. His brother, Joseph Messina, twenty-two, charged with attempting to release his brother from Patrolman Bernard Hart of Station 7. He was held in \$500.

JORDAN MARSH COMPANY



The Mercantile Heart of New England

A New England Institution

Which Provides Liberally for the Wants of the People Whether as Visitors or Purchasers

This is preeminently New England's Greatest Store for the People—all the People. It deals with the problem of supplying the retail demands of this section of America in a large way. It recognizes the necessity for a wide range of price grades to suit all pocketbooks and an almost unbelievable variety of merchandise to suit all tastes.

The foremost markets of the world are not too remote for our buyers. Months or years of careful planning and preparation are not too long if we can bring the merchandise you want to our counters. Nothing is too much trouble if thereby we can serve All the People a little better.

Therefore this store has grown in Helpfulness and Service to Customers. Blazing the straight path of Truth in Merchandising and Truth in Advertising, it has ever brought forward honest values that have been appreciated and constantly added to its reputation for reliability.

Maintaining at all times largest stocks and most complete assortments, both in imported and domestic merchandise, this store has played an important part in the development of worthy merchandise Made in America.

Some of the reasons for the all-round symmetrical growth of this business are:

- 1—The most convenient shopping location in the heart of New England's busiest retail district, within easy reach of three and one-half millions of people;
- 2—The development of an efficient Store Service that has for its one aim the helping of the customer;
- 3—A sincere policy of absolute fairness in all our dealings, both with employees and customers;
- 4—A buying organization second to none in America—a merchandising force which reaches every market in the world and automatically insures Largest Stocks and Most Complete Assortments;
- 5—Unequaled facilities, which enable us to show new styles and new merchandise at the earliest possible moment, usually considerably in advance of other stores;
- 6—A most liberal delivery system blankets New England, making it possible for one to purchase here by mail or telephone without the handicap of heavy delivery charges;
- 7—Our Guarantee that prices here are always as low or lower than those asked for the same or like merchandise of equal value in any other store;
- 8—Our Guarantee that every article bought here, no matter what the price, will give satisfaction to the customer.

We recognize the great responsibilities of a store with such a prestige. We recognize that it has a mission from which there must be no deviation. To keep Faith with All the People was the tenet of the founder of this business, and it has been an immeasurable factor during the decades of its development. It shall be a precept as long as this organization endures.

This epitomizes why Jordan Marsh Company is one of the world's greatest stores and why the name is a household word for business integrity.

Jordan Marsh Company

GIVES FIGURES ON INCREASE OF CITY'S COST

In response to a request from the Chamber of Commerce Mayor Curley today forwarded to that body an explanation of the big increase in city expenditure as shown in the auditor's report for 1914-1915. The increase is accounted for, according to the Mayor, by increased payments on the following accounts:

Salaries and emoluments	\$5,000,000
Police department	1,000,000
New Public Works	1,000,000
Police department	1,000,000
Police department	1,000,000
Police department	1,000,000
Police department	1,000,000
Police department	1,000,000
Police department	1,000,000
Police department	1,000,000
Police department	1,000,000

Mayor Curley said: "Mr. L. K. Liggett, president of the Chamber of Commerce, intimated that if this statement is satisfactory the chamber would endorse the bill now before the Legislature, allowing a fifty-cent increase in the tax rate for five years, the proceeds to be spent in repairing streets. I hope this report will show the chamber just the reason why city expenditures have increased so largely in the last few years and cause it to favor the bill for increasing the tax rate."

CHARGE COLOR LINE AT SANATORIUM

Mrs. Butler R. Wilson of No. 13 Rutland square, South End, charges that the New England Sanatorium, a hospital on the borders of Boston in Stoneham, which is exempt from taxation as a philanthropic and charitable institution, drew the color line against a woman in a maternity case.

Dr. W. E. Bliss, superintendent of the sanatorium, admitted today that a woman who was about to become a mother was not accepted as a patient on account of her color.

Mrs. Wilson says that Mrs. H. E. Plunkett of No. 318 East Foster street, Melrose, against whom the color line was drawn, was allowed to stay at the sanatorium over night, but was left without medical treatment or nourishment and in the morning was sent home because she was colored. Mrs. Plunkett is now in the Boston Lying-In Hospital.

OUST POLICE HEAD FOR NASHUA STRIKE

Nashua, N. H., March 27.—Colonel Daniel F. Healey, for twenty years sheriff of Hillsborough County, and marshal of the city since September 1, 1915, has resigned, on request.

Roscoe P. Proctor, chairman of the Police Commission, said today that the resignation would take effect "at an early date," which is believed to be next Saturday, April 1. Healey's resignation comes as the result of a split over the handling of the mount strike between him and Police Commissioner Harry A. Gregg, who installed him as acting marshal. This was at the time Commissioner Gregg reorganized the local police department. Healey was brought from Manchester, but was not appointed a regular member of the department, thereby being liable to dismissal by the commissioner without charge being preferred.

HENRY P. BATES DIES IN QUINCY

Henry P. Bates, real estate editor of the Boston Herald, died suddenly today at his home, No. 15 30th street in the Wallaston district of Quincy, at the age of 80-2. He was stricken ill yesterday. He worked for the Herald about forty years starting by selling papers. He was a native of Cohasset. His first wife, who was Miss May Bridgeman of Cohasset, died eight years ago. Two years later he married her cousin, Miss Maud Bridgeman of Cohasset, who survives him. There were no children by either marriage.

ASK POLICE TO HUNT MISSING IOWA MAN

The police of Boston were today asked to search for Howard M. Brown, a shoe and leather merchant of Clinton, Me., who disappeared from his home November 12. He is described as being thirty-five years old, 6 feet tall, 212 pounds, well dressed, with smooth face, gray eyes, straight nose and large head.

WILSON IS AGAIN A GRANDFATHER

Philadelphia, March 27.—A third grandchild, a girl, has been born to President Wilson. The child is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frances Bowles Sayre, of Williamstown, Mass., and was born in the Jefferson Hospital early Sunday morning. The baby, it is said, will be named Eleanor Asaon Sayre, after her grandmother, the first Mrs. Wilson.

5 KILLED, 12 HURT IN BOILER EXPLOSION

Leavenworth, Ky., March 27.—Five men were scalded to death and twelve were badly injured in a boiler explosion in a steel mill at Peter Creek, Pike County, today.

BARON BEAN



ABIE THE AGENT



JERRY ON THE JOB



POLLY AND HER PALS



US BOYS



GOAT GRABBERS



Answer to Saturday's



Even Grimes Is Human



There's Class Even in Call-Downs



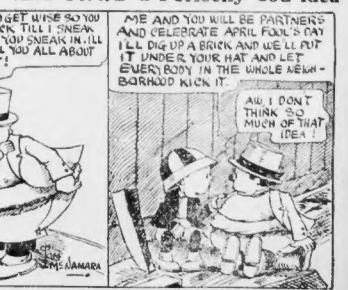
It Was to Be Taken Liberally, Too



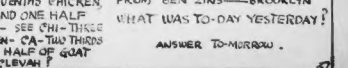
Looks as if Pa Would Explode



And Yet It's a Perfectly Good Idea



Answer to Saturday's



Monday, March 27, 1916

We Should Intervene in Mexico with Decision, Authority, Dignity and Irresistible Strength

CITIZENS, we speak directly to you, because it is impossible to make any impression, by argument or appeal, upon the fatuity and stubbornness of the men who misrepresent you at Washington.

We say to you that our little army is being thrust into extreme danger in a thoroughly un-military and absolutely useless expedition into the roadless deserts of Chihuahua.

We say to you that this gallant little force is without adequate equipment—that it has no proper aviation scouting service, that it has no adequate transportation service, that it has not enough men to spare to guard safely its line of communication, that it has no proper base of supplies.

We say to you that in the highly probable and, indeed, practically certain event that the soldiers of Carranza and Obregon make common cause with the Villistas, our little army may have its lines of communication cut and may be destroyed to a man before a relief force could possibly rescue it.

And we say to you that this criminally fatuous misuse of our troops is chargeable squarely to the President and the Congress and not to the officers of the United States Army.

The stingy and contemptible policies of your misrepresentatives in Congress has left the army in a disgraceful condition of equipment for actual war.

Only last week, under the pressure of mean party politics and with the compliant surrender of the President's own convictions, or alleged convictions, of three months ago, the House passed the sham army reorganization plan prepared by that eminent pork-barrel patriot, Chairman Hay, of Virginia—and a part of that miserable, dickering, trading, pork-barrel travesty on military preparedness is to cut down to a fraction the necessary appropriation for military aeroplanes.

At this very time—now, now, when our gallant little army is exposed to most serious peril because it has only a handful of aviators and because these aviators have only a beggarly dozen of antiquated, worn-out machines that will not fly properly—now, we say, at such a time these incredibly fatuous and futile pork-barrel politicians in Washington cut down the necessary appropriation for military aviation equipment.

And now, now, at this time, a farcical measure for adding 20,000 men to the regular army by the slow process of recruiting is the provision which an American President recommends and an American Congress makes when WAR IS ACTUALLY AT HAND.

Twenty thousand men to be slowly recruited and trained for the regular army! When we need a hundred thousand men in Mexico this minute, and need a hundred thousand militia on their way to back up the advance invasion, and ought to have two hundred thousand more volunteers assembling in training camps as a reserve.

Twenty thousand recruits for the regular service!

Do these farcical and fatuous misrepresentatives of yours in Washington think that this war with Mexico is to be a Fourth of July excursion—a parade with flags and firecrackers?

Well, it will not be.

Mexico has not less than 60,000 seasoned, veteran troops under arms this very day—and a man who thinks they will not fight and cannot fight is a fool.

By our own senseless folly they have been permitted to equip themselves with machine guns, rifles and ammunition OF AMERICAN MAKE.

This thing has gone on for months and

months with the consent AND BY THE DIRECT order of the President of the United States, who had full powers granted him by Congress to prohibit the traffic at any time.

Armed by us, equipped by us, the Mexicans await us in a country which is peculiarly difficult for the advance and support of our troops and peculiarly favorable to the Indian tactics in which these Mexican guerrilla leaders and soldiers are adepts.

And with our own general staff well knowing all this, and our own officers grinding their teeth in impotent rage, while they manfully obey orders, what has the administration done?

Why, it has sent our little army, with neither half enough men nor anything like proper aviation and transportation equipment, into the worst deserts in Mexico—into a totally barren and uninhabited region where there are no sources of supplies, no roads, no cities, no villages, no farms, nothing in the world but the blinding alkali and cutting sands of a lonesome and forbidding desert wilderness.

On the flank of this interminable desert hang the wild foothills and mountains, every barranca and coulee of which are as well known to these Chihuahua guerrillas as are the palms of their own hands.

It is a desert in which there is nothing that civilized troops can conquer and in which our little expeditionary force will find itself in dreadful peril whenever Villa's cavalry, in any strength, begin to harass their lines of communication and cut off supplies.

And this criminal risk of our brave little force is incurred without any possible military or strategic advantage.

We reiterate that there is nothing to capture and nothing to be won in this uninhabited and absolutely barren desert, and that it is impossible to conceive of a more stupidly useless and uselessly stupid misemployment of our all too few trained soldiers.

For what possible sense can there be in marching and countermarching troops through a vast and unpeopled waste of alkali and sand, where there is no hostile base to be captured, no enemy in force to fight, and no military advantage of any kind to be gained?

As a matter of fact, our troops are now being led through all the hardships and perils of a desert march, STRAIGHT AWAY FROM THE VITAL STRATEGIC RAILWAYS AND CITIES TOWARD WHICH THEY SHOULD BE DRIVING.

While Pershing and his men are pushing farther and farther away into the deserts, Gavira and Villa and Herrera and all the rest of the guerrilla chiefs in Chihuahua are recruiting their forces, gathering supplies, importing ammunition and preparing in feverish haste to make their combined swoop.

And there is the gravest reason to fear that these combined guerrillas may cut off and massacre the inadequate force which official stupidity has sent to wander about in the interminable and inhospitable deserts of Western Chihuahua, while their enemies are given full time and leisure to prepare the means of their destruction in the inhabited and productive cities and valleys of Middle Chihuahua and the unmolested States of Durango, Sonora and Sinaloa.

Every dictate of common sense demanded and still demands that our army be increased to war strength with all possible rapidity; that we seize Juarez and march upon Chihuahua and Durango, in order to control the railways; that an expeditionary naval and military force take possession of Guaymas, Hermosillo and Mazatlan; thus paralyzing Obregon's strength in the west; that the fleet seize Vera Cruz as a base of

operations against Mexico City, and that these vitally strategic points be held until the army of intervention and occupation is ready for a systematic campaign in overwhelming strength.

It is our soldiers who ought to be in the cities and in possession of the railroads and not their enemies.

It is the Mexican guerrilla who ought to be roaming through the deserts and not our men.

And if we are going to make war we ought to make real war, sharp, decisive, overwhelming war, as becomes a great people who have a good cause.

The policy of President Wilson has been to make war upon individuals.

First we sent the fleet and army to make war upon Huerta.

A more contemptibly ridiculous spectacle was never exhibited to the jeers of the world.

A nation of one hundred million people acting the part of a stage policeman!

Now, our whole available regular army is sent to arrest the thief and murderer, Villa.

Neglecting every dictate of military good sense and neglecting every precaution of military strategy, part of our soldiers are ordered to march through the wastes of a waterless and torturing desert to serve a warrant on a fugitive bandit, and another part are expressly forbidden to use the railways or to even camp in one of the towns or the villages they are sent to protect from bandit raids.

Citizens, this is the most disgraceful and humiliating position in which a self-respecting people were ever placed. We are pilloried before the eyes of the world as a nation which can neither keep the peace nor make war; which indulges in bombastic and threatening notes to powers that are helpless to resent them, and permits a guerrilla and wholesale thief, in the person of the strutting Carranza, to lay down the terms upon which HE will allow the army of the United States to pursue the cowardly murderers of our citizens, slain on their own soil.

And these terms of an impudent and impotent guerrilla chief ARE COMPLIED WITH, to the shame of our government, and our soldiers are compelled to toil through the bitter wastes of the desert, because this precious First Thief gives Washington orders that our troops shall not be transported on Mexican railroads and shall not rest themselves in Mexican towns.

And to make it worse, this bombastic, cowardly, hiding, cheap farce and imitation of a Constitutional government DOES NOT EVEN CONTROL the territory in which he impudently assumes to forbid our commanders to rest or to transport our soldier boys.

Citizens, do you think that we ought to submit one moment longer to such humiliation?

We tell you plainly, and we tell the government at Washington plainly, that the manner in which our little army is being compelled to endure the torments of the desert and in which it is being exposed to the serious danger of defeat and massacre, is an inexcusable crime.

We tell you and we tell Washington that if our forces are not heavily strengthened and the guerrillas of Chihuahua and Durango and Sonora and Sinaloa do make a concerted attack upon Pershing's thin line of communication, there IS MORE THAN A DANGER that our brave little army will perish of thirst and hunger or under the cruel shots and stabs of ten times their number of savages.

We will not any longer contemplate this official stupidity, this criminal neglect of ordinary military precautions, this farcical and futile pretence of preserving diplomatic relations with a fugitive and fictitious de facto gov-

ernment and the hardships and the grave and serious perils into which our brave men have been so criminally thrust.

We refuse to have any of this blood upon our head.

If the dreadful news does come from the deserts of the west that our soldiers have been trapped and massacred by the savage bands of Villa and the treacherous adherents of Carranza, we do not intend to be reproached that we feared to speak out against the wavering, halting, vicious policy which has sent them into such danger upon such a fool's errand.

And we again most solemnly and earnestly repeat to you, citizens, that just such a defeat and massacre of our little army may at any time horrify the nation unless this wavering, wobbling, blundering and criminally stupid policy of making farcical war against a cunning and dangerous enemy is stopped right in its tracks, and all the power and resources of the United States are brought to bear, decisively and unhesitatingly, upon the business of making real war upon ALL the bandit chiefs who are robbing and murdering American citizens and destroying unhappy Mexico.

Since it is inevitable that we must intervene, let us intervene as a great nation should, with authority, dignity, power and irresistible strength.

Every available soldier should be on his way to the support of our men in Mexico.

The National Guard of every State should be on the way to the border.

Two hundred thousand volunteers should be called to the colors and be in the training camps.

Every available aeroplane building in this country for military use abroad should be requisitioned.

So should every machine gun, all field artillery and all the munitions of war already manufactured for foreign use. AMERICA FIRST! Let the others wait.

If we support our troops in Mexico NOW, we will not have to bear the shame and humiliation of being unable to rescue them if they are overwhelmed and driven to bay.

If we descend upon Mexico IN FORCE, we shall probably have no worse resistance to overcome than the futile resistance of Carranza's and Obregon's and Villa's personal following of assassins and thieves.

But if this futile administration and this pork-barrel Congress at Washington continue the criminally shortsighted policy of sending a handful of troops at a time into Mexico, without adequate preparations to support them, you might as well make up your minds, citizens, to hear shameful and cruel news one of these days.

Citizens, the time for shaking a finger at this Mexican bandit, or that one, has passed.

We have been long enough the mock and scorn of these blustering braggarts.

It is time now for the clenched fist and such blows as those with which our fathers beat these blusterers' fathers into humbleness and submission.

It is time to take Mexico and clean out its thieves and bandits and oppressors and put its national house in order.

And it is time right now—this day—for the First Chief of the armies of the United States, and not the First Chief or any other Chief of a Mexican guerrilla horde to give orders for the movements of American troops in Mexico.

The path of honor, countrymen, runs in only one direction through Mexico. It begins at our borders and ends in Mexico City. We have set our feet in that path very reluctantly and all too slowly. But now we should go forward to the end, confidently, boldly, irresistibly.

Our eagles must glitter again against the horizon of Mexico. Our flag must again stream its victorious folds above that distressed country, the symbol of order, of law, of liberty and of protection to American and Mexican alike.

Our duty to ourselves, to Mexico and to civilization itself demands that we decisively and finally put an end, at any cost, to the reign of murder and rapine which has reduced our neighbor nation to the extremities of suffering and despair.

There lies our task. We cannot shirk it forever. Sooner or later, it MUST be done.

Speak to your President and to your Congress, citizens, and tell them that immediate and irresistible intervention is their duty and your desire.